

Christian Hotz Institut für Elektrische Energietechnik TH Köln SDEWES Conference Paphos 2022 Technology Arts Sciences TH Köln

E-VEHICLE LOAD PROFILE GENERATOR

09.11.22



PROGRESSUS INTERNAL/CONFIDENTIAL



Content

- Simulation Environment
- Sociological and Market Research
- CCCV-charging
- Compiling the components
- Use Case

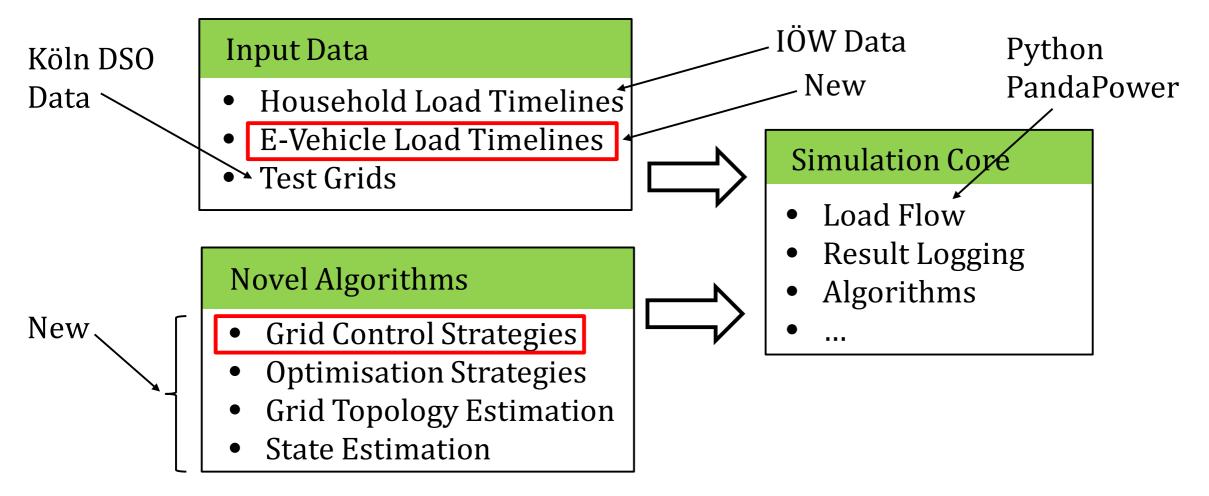
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Simulation Environment – Low voltage grid and e-vehicles











We want our e-vehicle load timeline generator to be

- sociologically accurate
- technically accurate
- It will be based on
- a household activity study
- a mobility report
- CCCV charging technology
- technical specifications on state-of-the-art e-vehicles







Work by Pflugradt

An existing work by Pflugradt yields household activity data

Input parameters:

- number and demographics of people in hosehold
- number of electrical cars in household
- income structure, region type
- etc.

Output:

- activity timelines (e.g. school, cooking, laundry, TV etc.)
- think of it as the videogame "The Sims"
- "outdoor activities" include sports, shopping, travels etc.
- "outdoor activities" are basis for further analysis



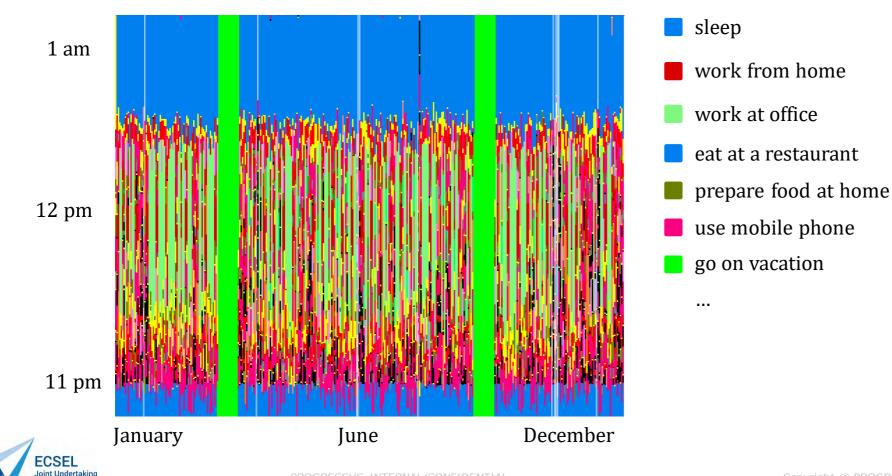


Household Activity Study



Work by Pflugradt

Example: this is how Ruby (25, F) they spent his year:







An extensive report on mobility in Germany yields further input for our generator A few examples of what we found:

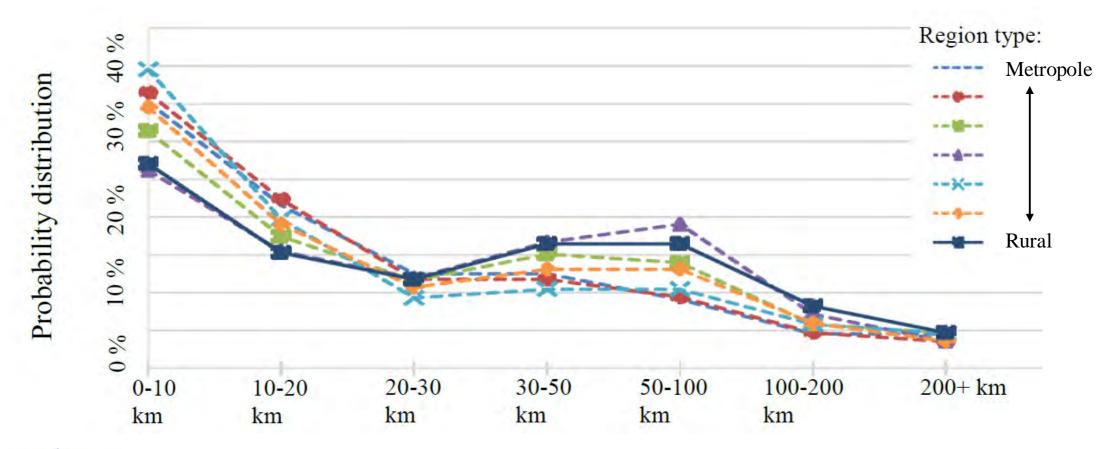
| Household | Region | Metropol. | Large City | Urbanised | Suburb | Town | Rural | Decentral |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|-----------|
| type | type | area | | Area | | Center | Area | Area |
| Young hous age < 35 yea | | 11 % | 11 % | 6 % | 4 % | 6 % | 4 % | 4 % |
| Household adults | only | 36 % | 34 % | 32 % | 31 % | 32 % | 33 % | 36 % |
| Households 65 years | in age > | 34 % | 37 % | 40 % | 41 % | 45 % | 42 % | 38 % |
| Family hous at least one | | 18 % | 17 % | 21 % | 23 % | 16 % | 19 % | 22 % |







An extensive report on mobility in Germany yields further input for our generator A few examples of what we found:







An extensive report on mobility in Germany yields further input for our generator A few examples of what we found:

| | Cars per household | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|------|------|-----------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Region type | none | 1 | 2 | 3 or more | average | | | | |
| 1.1 | 42 % | 48 % | 9 % | 1 % | 0.96 | | | | |
| 1.2 | 31 % | 53 % | 15 % | 1 % | 0.86 | | | | |
| 1.3 | 15 % | 56 % | 25 % | 4 % | 1.18 | | | | |
| 1.4 | 11 % | 52 % | 31 % | 6 % | 1.32 | | | | |
| 2.1 | 24 % | 57 % | 17 % | 2 % | 0.97 | | | | |
| 2.2 | 15 % | 56 % | 24 % | 5 % | 1.19 | | | | |
| 2.3 | 10 % | 53 % | 30 % | 6 % | 1.31 | | | | |

Table 2 : Numbers of cars for different household types

| Table 3 : | Shares | of | means | of | transportation |
|-----------|--------|----|---------------------|----|----------------|
| | | - | and a second second | ~ | |

| Means of transportation | Share |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Car (as driver) | 55 % |
| Car (as passenger) | 20 % |
| Public transport | 19 % |
| Bicycle | 3 % |
| Walking | 3 % |





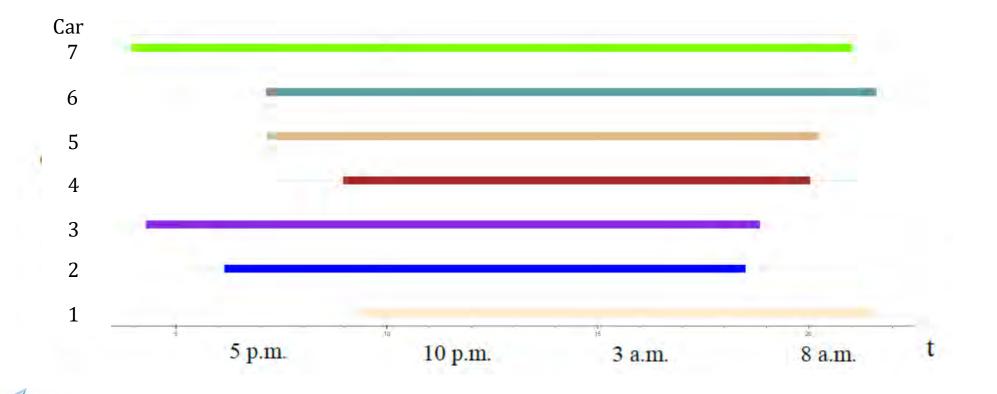


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We now compile household behavior and mobility report to connection timelines

We use household activity profiles and statistical mobility data

Example: We examine seven electrical vehicles in the same street in a rural area



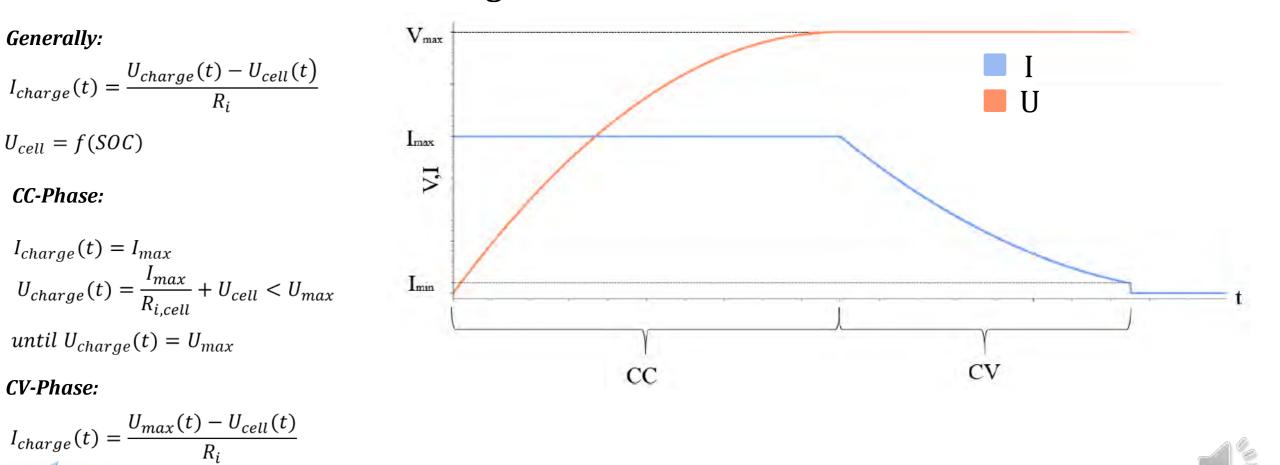




CCCV-Charging



Going from connection timeline to charging power timeline: Constant Current Constant Voltage







Typical E-Vehicles



And a little market analysis for charging powers...

Table 4 : Market analysis of electric vehicles, 2022 (excerpt)

| Manufacturer | Car model | Battery capacity | Max charging power | Consumption per 100 km |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Audi | A3 Sportback e-tron | 8,8 kWh | 22kW | 11,4 kWh |
| Chevrolet | Volt | 10,3 kWh | 4,6 kW | 22,4 kWh |
| CITROËN | Berlingo Electric | 22,5 kWh | 3,2 kW | 17,7 kWh |
| Hyundai | Kona <u>Elektro</u> | 64 kWh | 7,2 kW | 14,3 kWh |
| Mercedes-Benz | B-Klasse B 250 e | 28 kWh | 11 kW | 16,6 kWh |
| Peugeot | iOn | 14,5 kWh | 3,7 kW | 14,5 kWh |
| Tesla | Model S 70D | 70 kWh | 16,5 kW | 20 kWh |
| Toyota | Prius Plug-In Hybrid | 4,4 kWh | 2,8 kW | 7,2 kWh |
| Volkswagen | e-up! | 18,7 kWh | 3,6 kW | 11,7 kWh |
| Volvo | C30 Electric | 24 kWh | 22 kW | 17,5 kWh |



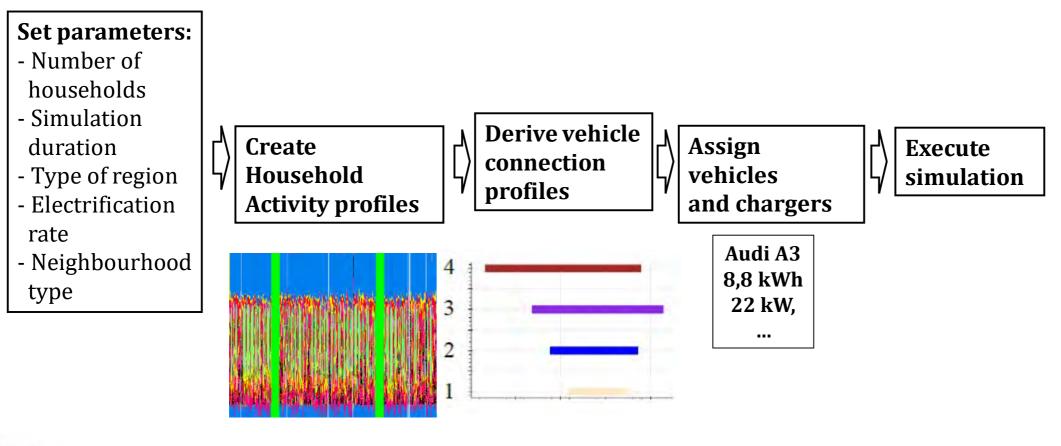




Summary



Putting the pieces together we gain the following program:

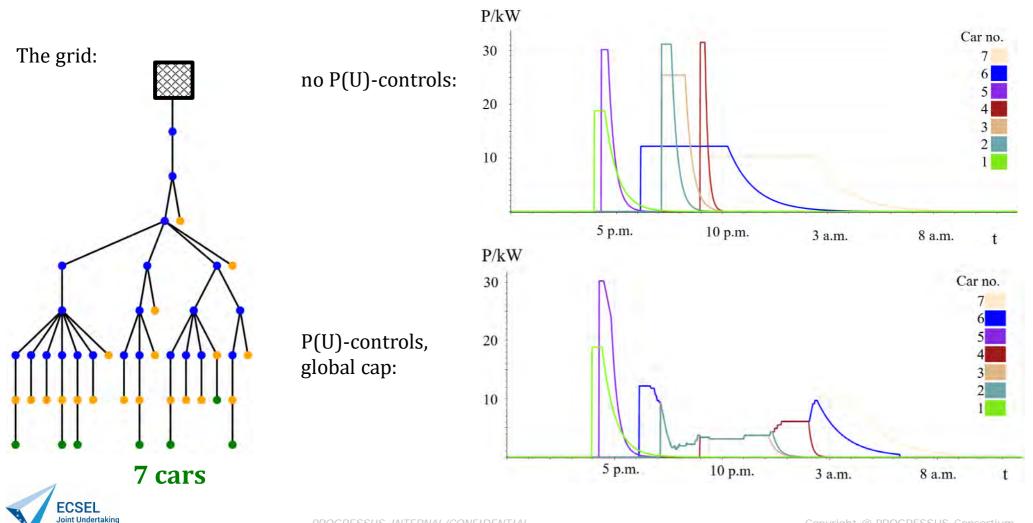






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We simulate a day in a grid with electrical vehicles without and with P(U)-control

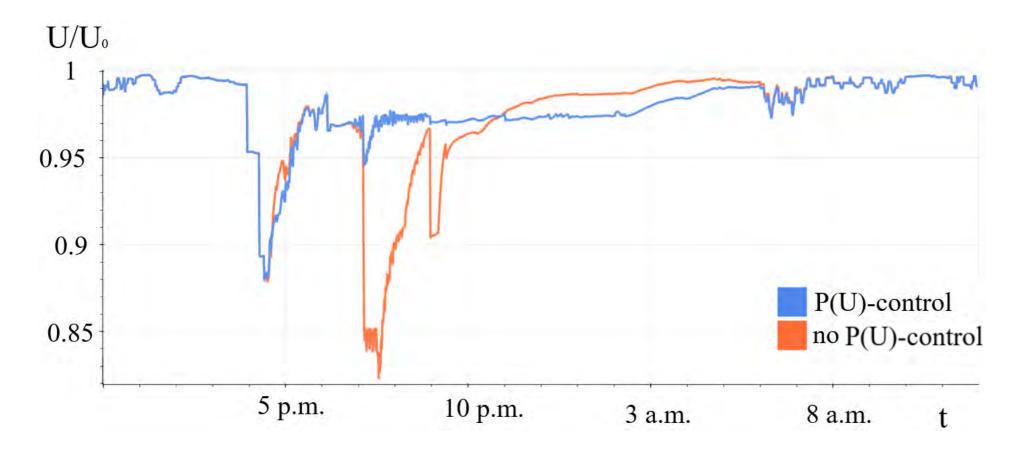








Worst voltage drop across the system for both cases:









- The e-vehicle load profile generator works well
- It has a solid foundation of preliminary research data
- Great basis for a comprehensive simulation environment







Thank you!



